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TRUE DEMOCRATS

Will Put a National Democratic Ticket in the Field

AGAINST POPOCRATIC COMBINE

Convention to be Held in Indian apolis in September.

THIRD TICKET MEN TRIUMPH

Defeat Bryan in the Doubtful States of Beat the Chicago Undemocratic Ticket and Platform-The Proceedings of the Conference-President Cleveland Symthizes with the Anti-Bryan Movement

name of the new party is the National Democratic party. Its organizers call ose supporting the Chicago platform cketthe Poplist-Democratic party The national convention of the National Democratic party will be held in Indian apolls the first week in September.

There was unanimity in the confer

lois.

Henry S. Robbins, of Chicago, was the many absent member of the executive formittee, but Mr. Ewing took his blace, while Senator Palmer, ex-Mayor dopkins and others were active in hard, as the plan for a third ticket carried.

and ticket and the platforms and ticket; that bear the brands of other cities." THE PROCEEDINGS.

The Gold Standard Democrats Call a Co vention and Repudiate the Chicago Plat form-The National Democratic Party

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., August 7. The provisional national committee of those Democrats not endorsing the recent Chicago platform and tickt, held its initial meeting here this afternoon It first considered the question of calling another national Democratic con-

It first considered the question of calling another national Democratic convention. After this matter was settled and the character of the call was agreed upon, came up the usual matter as to when and where the national convention shall be held. There were questions of policy to be passed on as well as those of "time and place" and the meeting was participated in by more than the usual committeemen of one from each state. While over two-thirds of the states have representatives here as members of the provisional national committee, there are more advisory visitors than committeemen. The occasion is more in the nature of a general conference of the gold standard Democrats than that of a committee meeting. While the movement is an outgrowth of the free silver element controlling the Chicago convension of July 7, did not take organized form till after that convention when an address was issued and a conference field in Chicago, July 23. On the following day a temporary plan was adopted, under which the meeting was held here to-day. This temporary plan provided for an executive committee consisting of Braggs, of Wisconsin; Broadhead, of Missouri; Haldeman, of Kentucky; Robbina, of Illinois, and Bynum, of Indiana, which has made the arrangements for the meeting to-day and carried on correspondence with gold standard Democrats in those states not represented at Chicago July 23, so as to have a full representation at this time.

The temporary organization will be tucceeded to-day by a permanent organization, which will continue until a national convention is held and the customary party machinery is made up in the usual way.

omary party machinery is made up in

members of the executive com The members of the executive con-mittee held a short meeting this morn-ing, Delegates continued to arrive and by noon all were here. Gen-eral E. S. Bragg, who is regarded as one of the most important personages present, arrived this afternoon.

John C. Bullitt, of Philadelphia, sald: "The Democrats want something around which to rally. There is a

strong sentiment in Pennsylvania among the Democrats against Bryan and free silver." Mr. Bullitt said that he was of the determination to aid and

he was of the determination to ald and give encouragement to the gold standard sentiment in whatever way it was possible.

P. W. H. Cutcheon, of St. Paul, speaking from the standpoint of Minnessta Democrats, thought a third ticket should be named, provided it could be done without the election of Bryan.

Bryan,
"It is worth our while," said he, "to maintain the Democratic party. We don't want to be absorbed by the Republican party and therefore cannot vote for McKintey."

Mr. Cutchan and the control of the control of

vote for McKinley."

Mr. Cutcheon said that in Minnesota a third ticket would draw twelve Democratic votes where McKinley would draw one. For the third ticket he favored John G. Carliske, for President, and E. S. Bragg; for vice president.

Ex-Congressman Outhwalte, of Columbus, favors a third ticket, but has no choice of candidates. "The primary purpose of this movement," said he, "is to preserve the Democratic party and its principles, This necessarily involves the defeat of the Populist ticket named at Chicago."

The provisional national committee of the gold standard Democrats met at the Commercial Club at 3 p. m. Mr. Hythe Commercial Club at 3 p. m. Mr. Hynum called the meeting to order, He
announced that General Hragg and
Senator Palmer were delayed by washouts. The meeting was open to visiting Democrats as well as to the members of the committee, and the assembly room was packed.

The temporary organization was continued till the evening session. In the
absence of Mr. Robbins, of Illinois, Mr.
Ewing, of Illinois, was made temporary
sceretary. A call of the states showed
thirty-five states represented by committeemen present.

The secretary read the resolutions

J. H. Outhwalte moved that a committee of five should be at once appointed whose duty it should be to select a time and place for the convention. There was loud cheering over this motion. Delegate Martin seconded this motion and it was passed unanimously.

The chairman then appointed the committee as follows:

James H. Outhwalte. of Ohio; Charles Tracey, New York; J. H. Falkner, of Alabama; F. W. M. Cutcheon, Minnesota, and L. C. Krauthoff, Missouri.

The states were called for the location of the convention. Col. D. W. Lawler presented the claims of Minneapolis, followed by John L. Griffiths, for India-

Louisville, The strongest speech on the location was made by S. O. Pickens, president of the Indiana Gold Standard Democratic, Leaving president of the Indiana Gold Standard Democratic League. He said there were many Democrats in this pivotal state who would not vote for either Bryan or McKinley and since it had been determined to have a third ticket it would be a great help to the gold standard Democrats of Indiana and do much to defeat the Chicago ticket and platform in this doubtful state if the convention was held in Indianapolis. This settled the location. The ballot resulted: Indianapolis, 19; Minneapolis, 6; Louisville, 2.

The five members of the sub-committee were out preparing their report and three others did not vote. The Indianapolis people then celebrated their victory with invitations to luncheon at the Comfaercial Club rooms and announced

carriages for evening drives about the city. A recess was then taken to 8

The Night Session.

It was 8:40 when the committee reas

The visitors filled the assembly room. Senator John M. Palmer was given an ovation when he artered the hall. It was announced at the afternoon session that General Bragg was delayed by a washout on the Pennsylvania. At the night session the announcement was made that he could not get here.

General Charles Tracey state that they had taken measures to perpetuate the greatest of all parties and needed the foremost of leaders. He mominated Gen. John R. Palmer, of Illinois, for chairman of the national committee, General Palmer was selected unant-mously.

honor as well as the principles of the Democratic party, but he hoped to see all brought back into the fold and would

all brought back into the fold and would work to that end.

John R. Wilson, of Indiana, was elected secretary, John P. Felenzel, of Indiana, was elected treasurer. Hon, Joseph H. Outhwaite, of Ohio, as chairman of the committee on a call for the inational convention and plan of organization, reported the following which was repeatedly interrupted by applause in its reading and adopted unanimously;

unanimously The Convention Call. "To the Democrats of the United States:

"To the Democrats of the United States;
"A political party has always been defined to be an association of voters to promote the success of political principles held in common. The Democratic party during its whole history has been pledged to promote the iliberty of the individual, the security of private rights and property and the supremacy of the law. It has always insisted upon a safe and stable money for the peoples' use. It has insisted upon the maintenance of the financial honor of the nation, as well as upon the preservation inviolate of the institutions established by the constitution. These, its principles, were abandoned by the supposed representative of the party at a national convention recently assembled at Cheero. convention recently assem-

national convention recently assembled at Chicago.

The Demorcratic party will therefore, cease to exist unless it be preserved by the voluntary action of such of its members as still adhere to the fundamental principles. No majority of the members of that convention, however large, had any right or power to surrender those principles. When they undertook to do so, that assemblage ceased to be a Democratic convention. The action taken, the fregular proceedings and the platform enunciated by that body were and are so utterly and indefensibly revolutionary and constitute such radical and are so directly and inderensity revolutionary and constitute such radical departures from the principles of true Democracy which should characterize a sound and patriotic administration of our country's affairs that its results are not entitled to the confidence or support of true Democrats. For the first time steep the authors are formed. not entitled to the conference of appear of true Democratis. For the first time since the national parties were formed, there is not before the American people a platform declaring the principles of the Democratic party as recognized and most courageously and consistently administered by Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland, nor there any nominess for the office of President and Vice President of the United States piedged to carry those principles into practical effect. The faithful and true Democratis of the United States are determined that their principles shall not be ruthlessly surrendered nor the people be deprived of an opportunity to vote for candidates in accord therewith.

"Therefore the National Democratic Party of the United States, through its

Party of the United States, through

regularly constituted committee hereby in some more and the preservation of law and order and who are unalterably opposed to the platform adopted and candidates nominated at Chicago will select in such manner as to them shall seem best, a number of delegates to the same, equal to twice the number of electoral votes to which such states are respectively entitled.

TWO POLITICAL EVENTS

Occur in Wheeling Next Week-Chair-man Chilton Consults National Pape-cratic Committee and Cols. Smith and

The two political events of the last twenty-four hours have been the return from Washington of State Chaironel Clarenco L. Smith, to this city. p. m., and during the afternoon spent several bours in consultation with Mr. Watts. Another conference was held

Mr. Chilton was mute as to his acington. It is the supposition that his

IT WAS A FAKE.

Hill Did Not Express His Intention About

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7 .-Chairman Jones was back at Demo cratic headquarters to-day. He said concerning his visit to Senator Hill that there was

uation.
On the contrary, Mr. Jones says, Governor Hill is a man who keeps his own bounsels and, like others in New York, is probably awaiting the action of the is probably awaiting the action of the state convention in September. Ex-Clerk James Kerr, of the house of rep-resentatives, will meet Mr. Bryan at Pittsburgh and proceed with him to New York.

pression among officials was that Pin-gree would hold the votes of a conski-erable element which otherwise might have gone to Bryan.

Mr. Cleveland Has Denied It.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—In answer to ar inquiry as to the truth of a report pub-lished in this city yesterday that Presi-dent Cleveland had made known his dent Cleveland had made known his disapproval of the proposed third tick-et project, the President to-day tele-graphs as follows to the Evening Post: "BUZZARDS BAY, Mass, August 6, "It is absolutely untrue that I have given any advice touching the course of the Indianapolis conference.

(Signed.) "GROVER CLEVELAND."

Georgia Populists.

ATLANTA, Aug. 7.—The delegates to the Populist state convention having perfected the organization yesterday and listened to Thomas E. Watson last night, settled promptly down to busi-

night, settled promptly down to business at this morning's session.

On the discovery that on account of his having not resided in the state longenough, General J. D. Gambell was incligible to the governorship, Hon. Zaboon Wright, of Rome, was nominated by acclamation. The ticket was completed by the nomination of Dr. J. A. Parsons, of Milton, for secretary of state; Zaboon Bell, of Burke, for controller general; Donald J. Chark, of Chatham, for attorney general; W. C. Sibley, of Augatauer, for treasurer, and W. E. Smith, of Decaur, for commissioner of agriculture.

The platform indorses the St. Louis platform.

Democrats Surrender to Populists.

HUTCHISON, Kas., Aug. 7.—A dozen men represent the remnant of the Dem ocratic convention assembled at 8:30 o'clock this morning to perform the for o'clock this morning to perform the for-mal duty of nominating the state ticket selected at the Popullst convention at Abilene. When the names were read from a telegram they were taken down by Secretary Pepperill and at once de-clared the nominees of the Democrats without discussion or remarks. Thus was the Democratic part of the fusion agreement fully carried out.

Kansas Populists.

ABILENE, Kas., Aug. 7.—The Populist state convention adjourned sine diat 5 o'clock this morfaling after a continuous session which began at § p. m yeaterday. During the night session the following nominations were accomplished:

ed:
L. C. Boyle, of Bourbon county, attorney general; W. E. Rush, of Jewett,
secretary of state; D. N. Heffenbower,
of Mlami, treasurer of state; W. H. Morrls, of Crawford, auditor of state; W. D.
Stryker, of Barton, state superintendena of millication.

WRIGHT RESIGNS.

Chairman of Pennsylvania Demo cratic State Committee.

HE COMES OUT AGAINST BRYAN

in a Strong Letter and Throws Up the Chairmanship-Says the Chicago Couvention Repudiated Democratic Principles and Adopted Doctrines which He unot, as a Consistent Democrat, Support-Speaks Straight Out and Gives Logical Reasons for His Action-A Polittent Semution.

PITTSBURGII, Pa., Aug. 7.-Robert E. Wright, chairman of the state Demo-cratic committee, has sent to the secretary of the committee his resignation, on Chicago platform and ticket. His rea-sons are fully set forth in the following

Mr. Matt Savage, Secretary Democratic State Central Committee, Clearfield, Pa.

Pa.

DEAR SHI:—I hand you my resignation of the chairmanship of the state central committee, and authorize you to present it at the meeting which has been called for August 13.

In relinquishing the positon, I feel that it is due to the committee from which I have always received the most cordial support, as well as just to myself, that I should freely declare to them the reasons impelling me to this conclusion.

Entrusted at the Allentown convention with the work of preparing the outline of a platform for its consideration, I submitted a financial plank which re-

convictions now.

I believe it expresses the views of a large majority of Democrats of Pennsylvania at this time.

I cannot bring myself to believe that the hundreds of Democratic newspapers, and hundreds of thousands of Democratic voters in this state, who in June of this year proclaimed their allegiance to the Allentown platform, were aught but sincere then, nor that they have abandoned their opinions since.

It is apparent, on the contrary, that

It is apparent, on the contrary, that they have but subordinated their own convictions to the decree of the Chicago

In this submission to that decree, I for one, cannot join.

It was brought about by undemocratic influences and gives expression to doctrines not only subversive of all that Democracy has taught on the subject, but which I believe will bring dishonor upon the country, incalculable harm to its people, and disaster to our party.

I am a Democrat because I believe in that code of governmental doctrines that for nearly a century has stood for Democracy in this country.

Party organization and a submission to majorities in duly organized party tribunals are doubtless of great importance. Yet they are but instrumentalities to an end. They cease to be useful when correct principles are abandoned, and become absolutely dangerous when false doctrines and unrighteous purpos-

I conceive that the most dangerous demonstration of the past month/is to be found in the apparent case with which a great political party has been suddenly to views diametrically opposite, for no

to views diametrically opposite, for no other reason than because an accidental ana temporary majority in a party convention has so ordered.

When it comes to pass that political parties are mere machined, swayed at will by lenders and conventions, instead of being agregations of individual thinkers, moved by some common and intelligent purpose for good, an evil time will have come to the republic.

Tested by clearly defined, and off repeated declarations of Democratic decirie, the Chicago platform in my judgment is not a Democratic uterance. It

which Democracy has hitherto had no

which Democracy has hitherto had no sympathy.

Abandoning the sound money doctrines always upheld by our party, this platform proposes to flood the country with a debased silver currency, and compel its circulation at one-half its intrinsic value. For the first time in the history of civilized countries it is intended that silver shall be freely coined into money without limit as to quantity, and without reference to its intrinsic worth.

No pledge is made for its redemption, no provision for maintaining it on a

intrinsic worth.

No pledge is made for its redemption, no provision for maintaining it on a parity with gold. On the contrary, the means that have enabled the present administration to maintain the credit of the government, and to keep the present issues of silver equal to gold, are now to be taken from it. Its protecting hands are to be tied, while the wage-earners and thrifty citizens of the country are left to bear the losses that in my opinion would be inevitable. Not content with burdening the country with this terrible load of depreciated silver, it is proposed to add to it unlimited issues of greenbacks redeemable in this debased coin.

The curse of an irredeemable paper money, that has wrought ruin in every country that ever resorted to it, and against which the Democratic party has ever consistently fought, is to be visited upon us.

visited upon us.

The power to borrow money to meet

its current obligations and maintain nal disaster.

Patriotic Talk.

The best and safest system of banking and of paper money the world has ever seen, is to be stricken down to be replaced by the worst that the ingenulty of man has ever devised. 1892 a national Democratic con

vention, at the dictation of the south and extreme west, declared in favor of

and extreme west, declared in favor of the freest possible Saue of banking currency, and in 1895 at the behest of the same sections it declares against all such Issues.

Then we declared that our gold and silver coin metals must be off equal intrinsk value, and that the parity of all issues must be maintained; now we denounce intrinsic equality and make parity of value impossible.

The Chicago platform attacks the supreme court of the country, and makes a covert threat to reorganize it, so that its decisions may be reversed. No act in the history of the Republican party ever receiver severer condemnation from Democracy than did its pros-

titution of the supreme court in the same way, during the administration of President Grant.

It invites anarchy by denouncing President Cleveland for following the example of Jackson in enforcing Federal laws by the armed power of government, when riot reigned in Chicago. With these declarations of principles and policy, and with the influences behind them, I have no sympathy.

Much as I love Democracy and revere its history, I cannot follow those who have "stolen its banners while trampling on its principles."

Opposition to this platform means fidelity to Democracy and to country, to liberty, to progress, to all that is worth preserving in American civilization.

Respectfully yours,

ROBERT E. WRIGHT.

THE STATE TROOPS

Experiencing the Hardships of Camp Life

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Aug. 7 .- The

fourth day at the samp opened as usual after an all night's battle with the heated elements and long-legged mosquitoes, The officers and men felt much careworn, yet went about their duties with the or mand in charge of Major Phil. Shaffer, ordeal having been passed by the boys, they feel somewhat relieved. Lieuten-ant Settles, the inspecting officer, will be able to report the regiment in good con-dition though its equipments are not very complete.

Verlander was officer of the day for that regiment. Captain Pyne, of company I, officer of the day; Lieutenant Wedell officer of the guard, and Lieutenant Stainaker, of Company A, supernumary officer of the day, are the details for the first regiment.

The governor's inspection had been arranged to take place to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, but the hour has been changed to 6 o'clock. Col. Beall, of Wellsburg, and General Russell, of this

Major Banks will be promied to Lie

cial committee of the stock exchange when it will report. No one outside of out any information regarding the time when the stock exchange will again when the stock exchange will again open its doors for business. It is said by some that had not the exchange been closed the failure of the Moore brothers would have affected the financial interests of Chicago as much as did the Baring brothers downfall affect England. This, however, is only conjecture. The members of the committee have refused to talk or give out any information as to when the exchange will resume business. It is reported that the syndicate formed to settle Dhmond match contracts will take all mand match contracts will take all stock in the name of the Moores upon a basis of \$170 per share. It is estimated that the Moore holdings amount to about \$45,000 shares. It is also said that New York Biscuit can be bought as 70 cents cash. 70 cents cash

CUBAN INSURGENTS

Burning Tobacco Fields-Many Buildings Destroyed.

HAVANA, August 7.-The insurgents have burned and demolished the tobacco fields of La Rosita and Fumenita at Union Deryes and have destroyed the magnificent tobacco plantation of La Carlotta and the coffee plantation of La Carlotta and the coffee plantation of Alfonso XIII, province of Matanzas. In the latter case seventeen houses of different descriptions were destroyed and the damage done was estimated at \$600,000.

During recent skirmishes in the province of Pinar del Rio and Havana, the insurgents left twenty-four killed and three wounded on the field. The troops during these engagements had twelve men wounded. co fields of La Rosita and Fumenita

Altgeld Mad at Jones,

Aligidi Mad at Jones.
CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—The Times-Herald to-day publishes a lengthy story of a
fight between Governor Aligeld and
Chairman Jones, of the Democratic mational committee. The alleged trouble
is said to result from the governor's expressed belief that Senator Jones has
not shown sufficient energy in the handling of the campaign.
WASHIMSTON D. C. AMALES TO

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7.—The Post to-morrow will say: When showed the above dispatch Sen-

when showed the above dispatch Sen-ator Jones said:
"I have no knowledge of any fact upon which such a statement could be based. I have not had a word of telegraphic or mail correspondence with Governor Alt-geld sinve the Chicago convention. The story is simply a campaign fabrication."

Claude Hoover Hanged.

Claude Hoover Hanged,
OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 7.—Claude Hoover was hanged at 11:37 this morning in
the Omaha fall in the presence of a small
number of people. He met death with
grit and composure, his neck being broken.
Last fall Hoover shot and killed Councilman Sail Dubols, his brother-in-law,
while intoxicated.

BRYAN'S TRIP.

He Starts Eastward to Receive His Notification.

LINCOLN SILVERITES TURN OUT

En Masse to See Him Offand Cheer a Brief Speech in which He Says He Chose New York for His Metaphorical Debut B4cause it is the Heart of "the Enemy's Country"-Greeting Along the Route by Illa Supporters

at 2 o'clock this afternoon under decidedly favorable conditions and auspices carriage containing Mr. and Mrs. Bryan

trip through the east was inaugurated

the crowd and their childish voices could be heard above the uproar in the familiar greeting, "Good-bye, Mr. Bryan."

Most of them were successful in reaching his hands before he boarded the train, which pulled in several minutes shead of time in anticipation of the delay of leave takins.

After Mr. and Mrs. Bryan had entered the car there was a request for them to appear upon the rear platform, which they did. As. Mr. Bryan appeared the handshaking was senewed and in response to continued and persistent calls for a speech, Mr. Bryan said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen:—In ordinary times I would have desired the notification."

"I appreciate the kindness which the neighbors have shown and all that I can promise you is that whther what I do meets your approval or not, I shall do my duty as I see it and accept all consequences which may follow." (Enthusiastic cheering and applause.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were allotted the drawing car of the Pullman coach, every section of which was occupied.

As the train drew away from the station, a thousand futtering handker,

chiefs waved a parting adieu, the fond sincerity of which was attested in many ways.

The first stop was at Murdock, Neb., a small way station, where a crowd of about fifty men and boys were at the denot

assembled. One old lady clung to Bry-an's hand as she shouted: "Mr. Bryan, I hollered for ye up in Omaha, and am hollerin' yet." hollerin' yet."

About twenty men boarded the train to

About twenty men boarded the train to accompany the party to Omaha, and it appeared as if Mr. Bryan knew eyeryone of them personally.

There were less than 500 people gathered at the depot when the train bearing the Bryan party arrived at Omaha. The people were enthusiastic in the extreme, many of them being personal friends of the candidate.

When Acoust was retained at a consist there was a crowd of 400 people in waiting. Mr. Bryan's appearance was the signal for a chorus of cheers and calls for a speech, to which Mr. Bryan replied that he would not make a speech. "I am very glad to see you; I am not sure yet that I have been nominated. I

sure yet that I have been nominated. I have heard that I was aind I am going down to New York to see about it. If I learn that I have been nominated, then I will make some speeches."

At Avoca was encountered a manifestation of increased interest. This town was reached at 645 p. m., and a crowd of fully 1,000 people were gathered at the station. This was the first appreciable demonstration since the party bade farewell to Lincoln.

He will Find McKinley at Home if He Wants to See Him. CANTON, Ohio, August 7.-Major McKinley will be at his home next Monday, when nominee Bryan passes through Canton at 1:24 p. rk., on his way to Madison Square Garden, New York, for his official notification. Secretary John C. Harmony, of the Canton Bryan Club, returned home this morning and said to the Associated Press reporter that he understood a subscription list had been passed around for funds to hire a band to go to the Pennsylvania station to greet Mr. Bryan, "Beyond this," said Mr. Harmony, "I think nothing has been done." McKinley will be at his home next

WEST LIBERTY NORMAL SCHOOL.

The Contract Let to a Parkersburg Firm Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., August 7. -The board of regents of the state nor-The board of regents of the state normal schools met here to-night, all the members being in attendance. The principle business transacted was the awarding of a contract for the erection of the new West Liberty normal school building to Fouss & Reich, of this city, at their bid, \$10.540, and a contract for plumbing and heating the new building to the Parkersburg Supply and Plumbing Company, at their bid, \$1030.

On a Slow Track.

On a Slow Track.

COLMBUS, Aug. 7.—The Grand Circuit meet closed to-day. The weather was fair, but the track was not as fast as yesterday owing to heavy rain during the night. John R. Gentry, the packing stallion, went a mile to bent his own record of 2:03½, had succeeded in elliphing off a quarter of a second, and establishing a new world's record.

Four Tramps Killed.

MARENGO, Iowa, August 7.—A freight train ran off the track near here this morning on the Des Molnes railroad and a number of cars were badly wrecked, besides some other damage, Four trains who were stealing rides, were killed. There was no other losses

Wenther Forecast for To-day.

weather Forceast for To-day. For West Virginia, fair, followed by local thunder storms Saturday evening or night; warner; southerly winds. For Western Pennsylvania and Ohlo, fair in northern, possibly local thunder storms in southern portion; warmer; light to fresh variable winds, shifting to southerly. Local Temperature.

Local Temperature. The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schnepf, druggist, corner Four-teenth and Market streets, was as fol-lows: